OCTOBER 13, 2017 HAWKINS DELAFIELD & WOOD LLP

HAWKINS ADVISORY

New IRS Audit Procedures

At the National Association of Bond Lawyers annual Bond Attorneys' Workshop, held in Chicago October 4-6, practitioners learned of certain changes to the Internal Revenue Service's audit practices relating to tax-exempt and other tax-advantaged bonds. Bond issuers should be aware of the following developments:

- The initial letter sent by the IRS will be a form letter that does not identify the reason a bond issue was chosen for examination. Previously, the IRS letter described whether the bond issue was chosen in connection with a targeted compliance area or as part of a routine (random) process.
- An issuer or its legal counsel should communicate by phone, and not in writing, with an IRS examiner as soon as possible after receipt of a letter informing it of an audit.
- Once an issuer or its counsel submits a written response to an Information Document Request ("IDR"), the audit must proceed to a conclusion; i.e., the IRS field agent cannot decide not to examine the bonds. This is true even if there are no compliance concerns with the bond issue; e.g., the bonds were redeemed beyond the statute of limitations period.
- The IRS will send a Notice of Noncompliance, IRS Form 5701, to an issuer in the event a tax problem has been identified (i.e., issuers will no longer receive "adverse IDRs" that raise the question of whether interest on the bond issue is taxable); this may raise certain disclosure concerns.

- According to the IRS Work Plan for Fiscal Year 2018, the targeted compliance areas are:
 - (a) arbitrage requirements for tax-advantaged bonds with guaranteed investment contracts (GICs), hedges and investments beyond the permitted three-year temporary period;
 - (b) the rehabilitation requirement for private activity bonds used to acquire existing property;
 - remedial actions taken when bond-financed facilities have an excessive amount of private business use;
 and
 - (d) deep discount bonds and private activity bonds that have excessive weighted average maturities.

Any questions regarding the foregoing may be addressed to a member of the Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP Tax Department.

Faust Bowerman fbowerman@hawkins.com Sharon Brown sbrown@hawkins.com Jennifer Cordova jcordova@hawkins.com Michela Daliana mdaliana@hawkins.com James Eustis jeustis@hawkins.com Neil Kaplan nkaplan@hawkins.com Peter Lam plam@hawkins.com Russ Miller rmiller@hawkins.com **Brian Organ** borgan@hawkins.com Kathleen Orlandi korlandi@hawkins.com Robert Radigan rradigan@hawkins.com kwong@hawkins.com Kam Wong

About Hawkins Advisory

The Hawkins Advisory is intended to provide occasional general comments on new developments in Federal and State law and regulations that we believe might be of interest to our clients. Articles in the Hawkins Advisory should not be considered opinions of Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP. The Hawkins Advisory is not intended to provide legal advice as a substitute for seeking professional counsel; readers should not under any circumstance act upon the information in this publication without seeking specific professional counsel. Hawkins Delafield & Wood LLP will be pleased to provide additional details regarding any article upon request.

New York

7 World Trade Center 250 Greenwich Street New York, NY 10007 Tel: (212) 820-9300

Sacramento 1415 L Street

Sacramento, CA 95814 Tel: (916) 326-5200

Washington, D.C.

601 Thirteenth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005 Tel: (202) 682-1480

Los Angeles

333 South Grand Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90071 (213) 236-9050

Newark

One Gateway Center Newark, NJ 07102 Tel: (973) 642-8584

San Francisco

One Embarcadero Center San Francisco, CA 94111 Tel: (415) 486-4200

Hartford

20 Church Street Hartford, CT 06103 Tel: (860) 275-6260

6103 Ann

2723 South State Street Ann Arbor, MI 48104 Tel: (734) 794-4835

Ann Arbor

Portland

200 SW Market Street Portland, OR 97201 Tel: (503) 402-1320

